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Due to Korean economic and social changes, the participation of women in S&T has become more important than ever. As a result of various policies, many female have studied and researched in S&T.

Based on the results of JOINT SURVEYS from 2016 to 2018, we were able to analyze the gender equality situation of Korea. The situation will be analyzed in three aspects, such as 1) gender discrimination & harassment, 2) opportunity, and 3) social condition.

The main results are as follows. 1) Compared with APNN member countries, Korean respondents had little prejudice about gender equality and the frequency of experiencing sexual harassment was low. 2) Korean respondents perceived there was some, but not serious, opportunity barriers for study and research. Opportunity barriers for study is less serious than one for research. 3) Compared with other groups, Young female respondent group estimated highly the effect of marriage and pregnancy on study and research. 4) Korean respondents agreed that equal opportunity might not enough to achieve gender equality in Korea. Furthermore they responded that policy support, including Quota system, also might not be effective. So the female career in S&T is not expected to get better in future. There was some difference in perception level and experience between women and men, and between generations.